


PetThermoTools – a Python3 package for fast, easy, and flexible thermodynamic calculations

Please have a look at our documentation:

<https://petthermotools.readthedocs.io/en/latest/index.html>



latest ▾

GETTING STARTED:

- Introduction
- Installation of alphaMELTS for python source files
- Running MAGEMin calculations through Julia
- Available functions

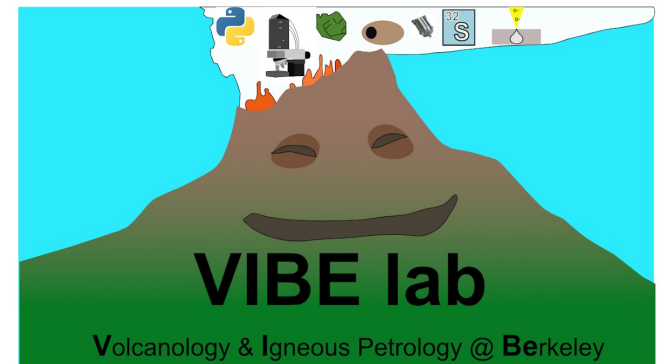
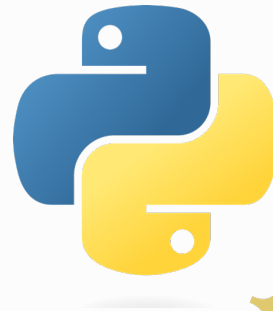
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Welcome to PetThermoTools's documentation!

Getting Started:

- **Introduction**
 - Important Notice
 - Using MELTS
 - Using MAGEMin
 - Citing PetThermoTools
 - YouTube Channel
 - Reporting bugs/issues with the code
- **Installation of alphaMELTS for python source files**
 - Step 1 - Install Python
 - Step 2 - Pip install PetThermoTools and it's dependencies
 - Step 3 - Download alphaMELTS for Python files and add them to your Python path.

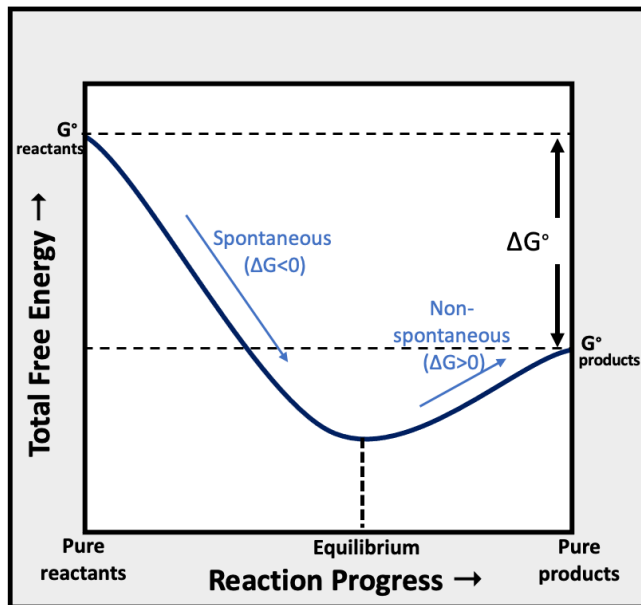


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Thermodynamic modelling – the basics

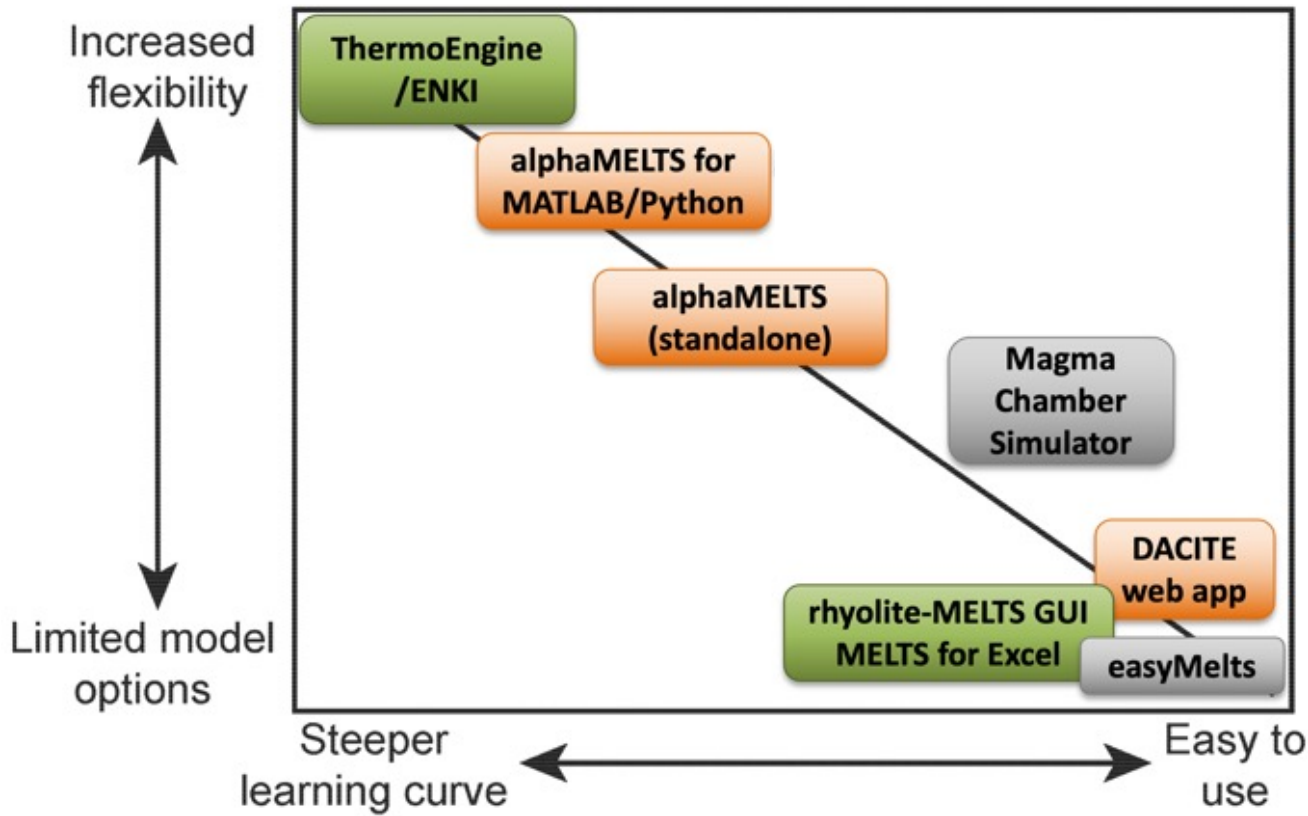


Given

- Bulk composition (masses of each component)
- Two independent intensive parameters [P or V ; T , S , or H]
- and (optionally) f_{O_2} and/or $a_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$...

Calculate equilibrium by finding the distribution of the mass of each component among all known phases that minimizes the appropriate thermodynamic potential

Providing something new?



ENKI Server



Welcome to the ENKI server

This page contains some basic information and resources to help you use the ENKI server effectively. You can always return here by clicking **ENKI Information** on the **Commands** palette or by clicking the **ENKI Info** launcher button.

To visit the project website, see **ENKI Portal**.

ENKI server structure

The ENKI server is built on top of a JupyterLab computing environment. If you have never used JupyterLab, please consult the excellent **JupyterLab User Guide** at **Read The Docs**.


Phase	Wt%	Formula	Component	mol Frac	Component	mol Frac	Component	mol Frac
liquid	79.22	H ₂ O	wt%	0.222	enstatite	0.222	wt%	0.222
olivine	19.00	(Fe,Mg) ₂ SiO ₄	wt%	0.000	enstatite	0.222	wt%	0.222
pyroxene	0.78	FeSiO ₃	wt%	0.000	enstatite	0.222	wt%	0.222
quartz	0.00	SiO ₂	wt%	0.000	enstatite	0.222	wt%	0.222
apatite	0.00	Ca ₅ (F,Cl)PO ₄	wt%	0.000	enstatite	0.222	wt%	0.222
zircon	0.00	ZrSiO ₄	wt%	0.000	enstatite	0.222	wt%	0.222
melilite	0.00	Ca ₂ Al ₂ Si ₂ O ₇	wt%	0.000	enstatite	0.222	wt%	0.222
orthopyroxene	0.00	(Mg,Fe)SiO ₃	wt%	0.000	enstatite	0.222	wt%	0.222
clinopyroxene	0.00	(Mg,Fe)SiO ₃	wt%	0.000	enstatite	0.222	wt%	0.222
orthoclase	0.00	KAlSi ₃ O ₈	wt%	0.000	enstatite	0.222	wt%	0.222
anorthite	0.00	CaAl ₂ Si ₂ O ₇	wt%	0.000	enstatite	0.222	wt%	0.222
albite	0.00	NaAlSi ₃ O ₈	wt%	0.000	enstatite	0.222	wt%	0.222
calcite	0.00	CaCO ₃	wt%	0.000	enstatite	0.222	wt%	0.222
perovskite	0.00	CaTiO ₃	wt%	0.000	enstatite	0.222	wt%	0.222
grossite	0.00	CaCO ₃	wt%	0.000	enstatite	0.222	wt%	0.222
melilite	0.00	Ca ₂ Al ₂ Si ₂ O ₇	wt%	0.000	enstatite	0.222	wt%	0.222

Main aims of PetThermoTools

alphaMELTS@CIT

DOI [10.5281/zenodo.17861695](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.17861695)

alphaMELTS started as a text menu-driven interface to subroutine versions of the MELTS (Ghiorso & Sack, 1995), pMELTS (Ghiorso et al., 2002), and pHMELTS (Asimow et al., 2004) models of thermodynamic equilibrium in silicate systems. Formerly known as 'Adiabat_1ph', and described in a software brief in G-cubed (Smith & Asimow, 2005), it evolved to 'alphaMELTS' via Adiabat_1ph → A1ph → Alph → alpha → alphaMELTS.

 [alphemelts-py-2.3.1-linux.zip](#)

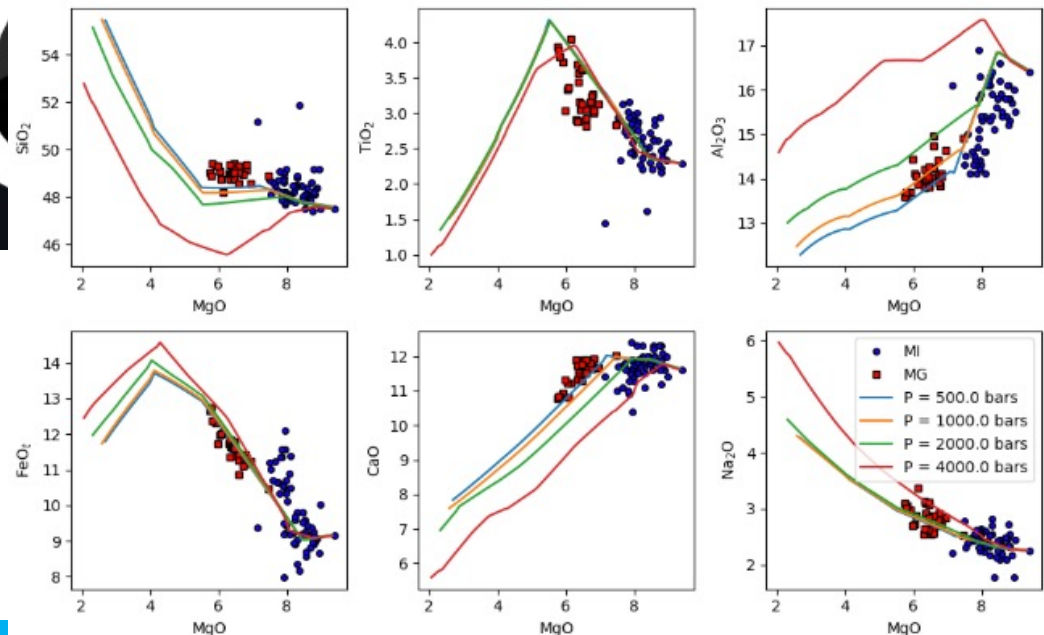
 [alphemelts-py-2.3.1-macos-arm64.zip](#)

 [alphemelts-py-2.3.1-macos-x86_64.zip](#)

 [alphemelts-py-2.3.1-win64.zip](#)

```
Isobaric_Xtal_C02 = ptt.isobaric_crystallisation(Model = "MELTSv1.2.0",  
bulk=starting_comp,find_liquidus=True,P_bar=np.array([500,1000,2000,4000]),  
T_end_C=1050,dt_C=2,f02_buffer="FMQ",f02_offset=-1.0,  
Frac_solid=True,Frac_fluid=True,H2O_init=0.4,C02_init=0.5,label="P_bar")
```

```
ptt.harker(Results = Isobaric_Xtal_C02, data = {'MI': MI, 'MG': MG},  
d_color = ['b', 'red'], legend_loc = [1,2],  
y_axis = ['SiO2', 'TiO2', 'Al2O3', 'FeO', 'CaO', 'Na2O'])
```




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 [alphamelts-py-2.3.1-linux.zip](#)

 [alphamelts-py-2.3.1-macos_arm64.zip](#)

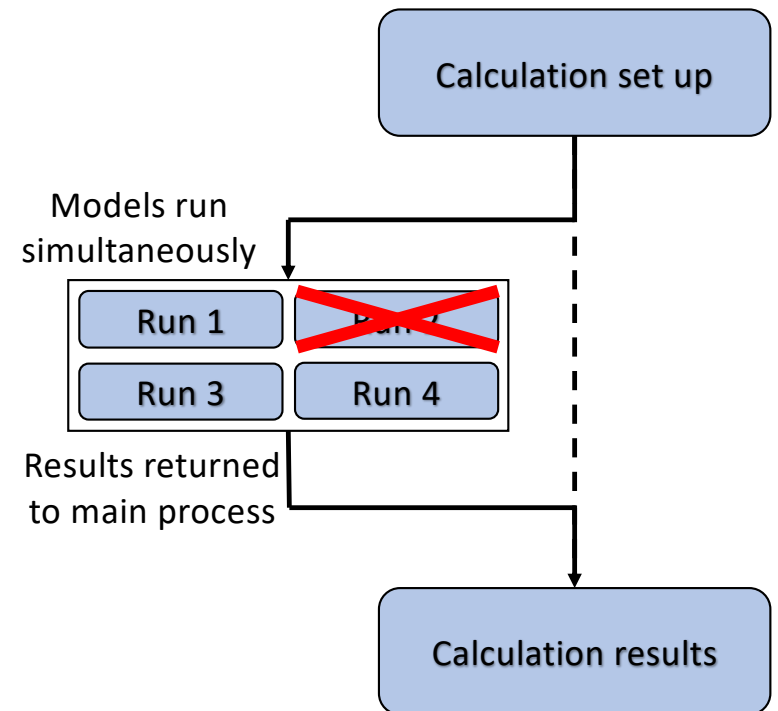
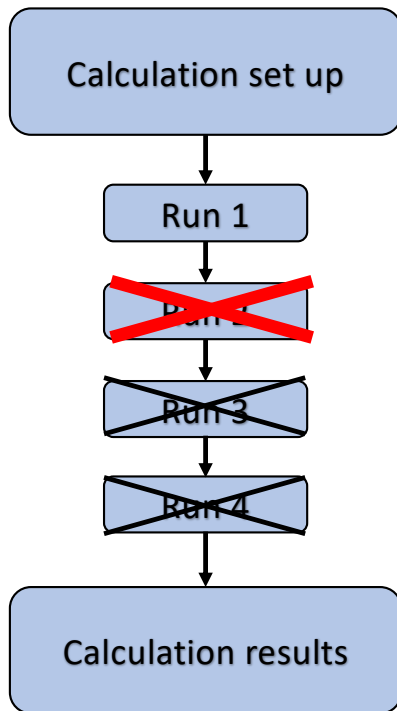
 [alphamelts-py-2.3.1-macos_x86_64.zip](#)

 [alphamelts-py-2.3.1-win64.zip](#)

```
MELTS:libraryAlreadyInitialized.
```

```
Could not re-initialize MELTS library! Please check stderr (console or terminal).
```

PetThermoTools – parallel processing for speed and stability



PetThermoTools – parallel processing for speed and stability

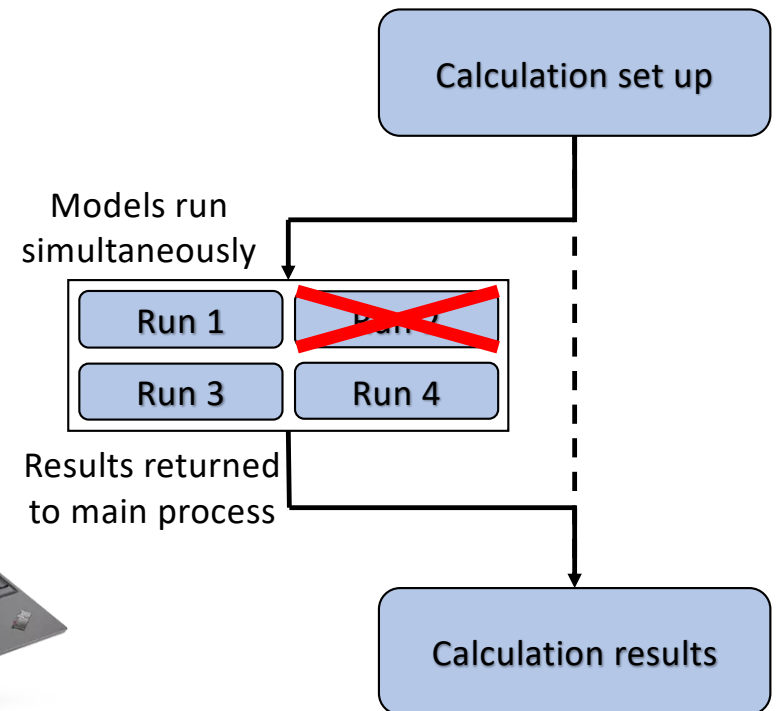
PetThermoTools automatically runs calculations in parallel to optimize your computer.



8 calculations at a time
2-4X speed improvement



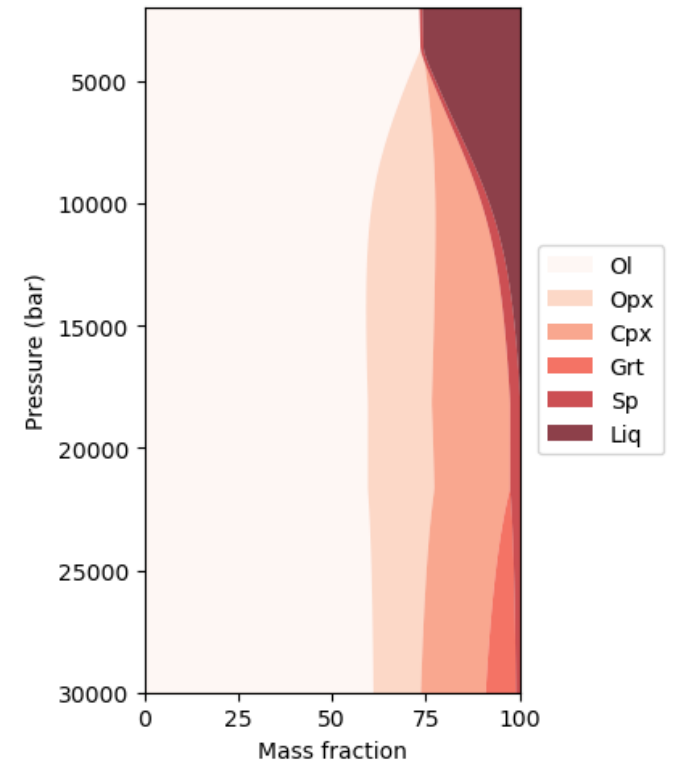
1000 Fraction Crystallization models:
Normally ~1 hours!
Now... ~15 minutes – 30 minutes.



PetThermoTools – easy-to-use functions for common calculations

Adiabatic Mantle Melting as an example

Full example
available on
[ReadTheDocs!](#)



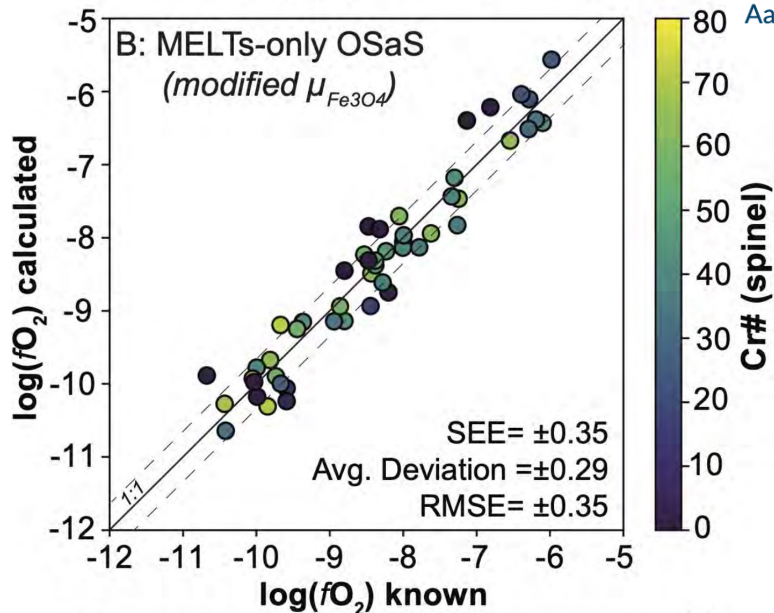
PetThermoTools – continuing to expand...

RESEARCH ARTICLE | JANUARY 01, 2025

The olivine-spinel- $a_{\text{SiO}_2}^{\text{melt}}$ (OSaS) oxybarometer: A new method for evaluating magmatic oxygen fugacity in olivine-phyric basalts



Aaron S. Bell ; Laura E. Waters; Mark Ghiorso




PetThermoTools – comparison of different models

alphaMELTS@CIT

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 [alphamelts-py-2.3.1-linux.zip](#)

 [alphamelts-py-2.3.1-macos-arm64.zip](#)

 [alphamelts-py-2.3.1-macos-x86_64.zip](#)

 [alphamelts-py-2.3.1-win64.zip](#)

Geochemistry, Geophysics, Geosystems*

Research Article |  Open Access |  

MAGEMin, an Efficient Gibbs Energy Minimizer: Application to Igneous Systems

[N. Riel](#)  [B. J. P. Kaus](#), [E. C. R. Green](#), [N. Berlie](#)

First published: 04 July 2022 | <https://doi.org/10.1029/2022GC010427> | [VIEW METRICS](#)

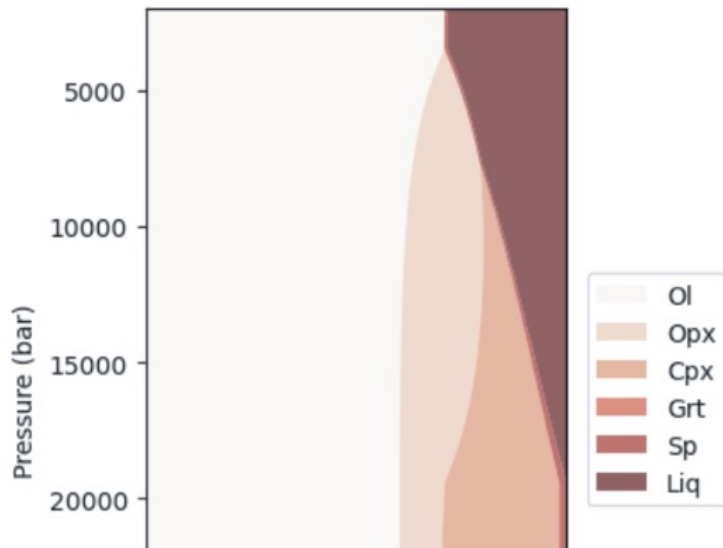
MAGEMin_C.jl

[docs](#) [dev](#)  CI [passing](#)  DOI

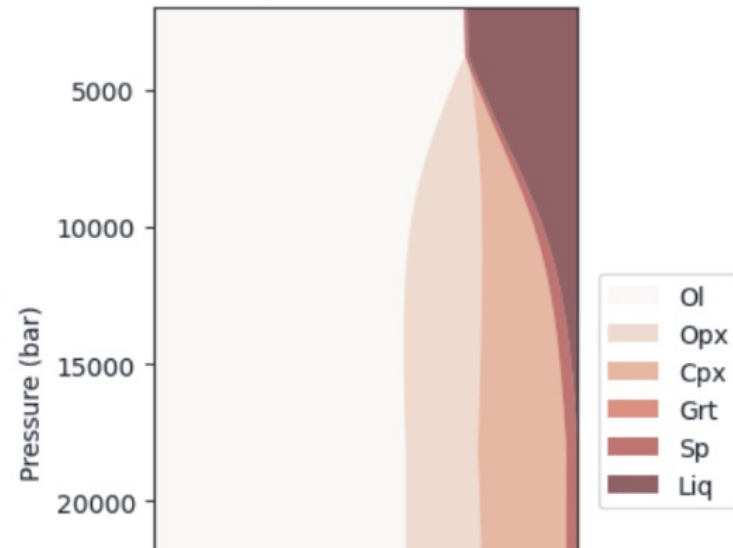
Julia interface to the MAGEMin C package, which performs thermodynamic equilibrium calculations.

PetThermoTools – comparison of different models

Green et al. (2025)



pMELTS



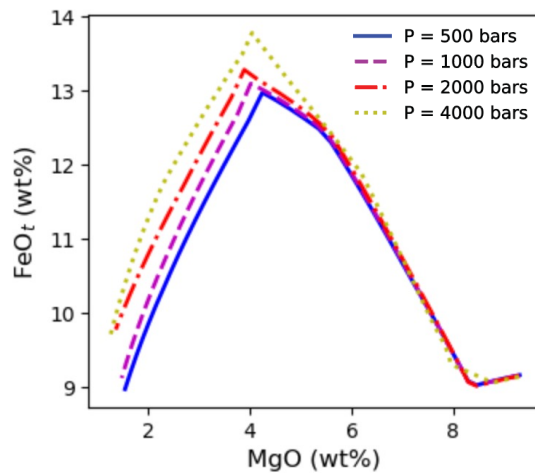
```
Model = ['pMELTS', 'Green2025']
Results = {}
for m in Model:
    Results[m] = ptt.AdiabaticDecompressionMelting(Model = m, bulk = "KLB-1",
    |   Tp_C = 1350.0, P_start_bar = 30000.0, P_end_bar = 2000.0, dp_bar = 200.0)
```

PetThermoTools – integration with other Python toolkits

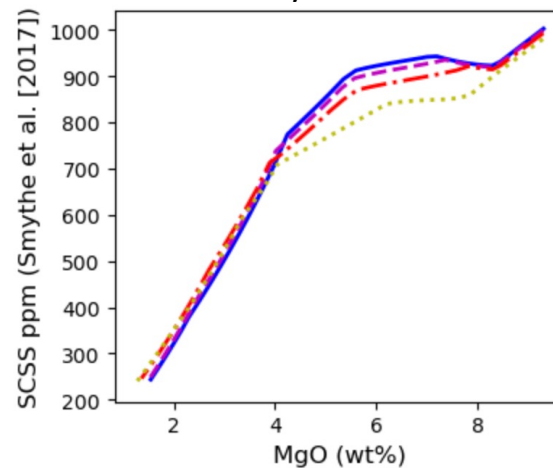
Perform fractional crystallization model with PetThermoTools

```
Isobaric_Xtal = ptt.isobaric_crystallisation(  
    Model = "MELTSv1.2.0", bulk = starting_comp, find_liquidus = True,  
    P_bar = np.array([500,1000,2000,4000]), T_end_C = 1000, dt_C = 5,  
    fO2_buffer = "FMQ", fO2_offset = -1.0,  
    Frac_solid = True, Frac_fluid = True, label = "pressure")
```

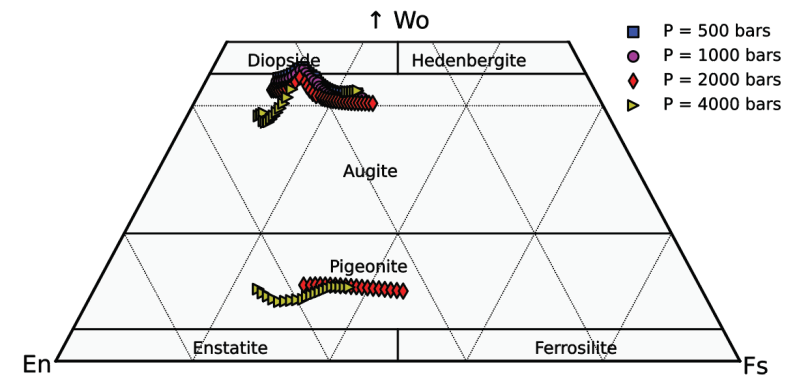
In-built plotting tools



SCSS calculations with PySulfSat



Mineral classification diagrams with Thermobar



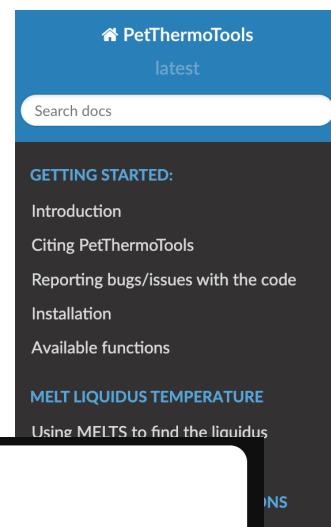
Please visit our documentation to find out more!

If you're interested in getting involved or have any ideas please get in touch!

gleesonm@berkeley.edu

<https://www.youtube.com/@PetThermoTools>

<https://petthermotools.readthedocs.io/en/latest/index.html>



Melt liquidus temperature

- Using MELTS to find the liquidus temperature

Crystallisation calculations

- Modelling liquid-line-of-descents

Melting calculations

- Adiabatic Decompression melting of peridotite and pyroxenite mantle sources
 - Examining the influence of source lithology on melting behaviours
 - Utilizing outputs to calculate the SCSS of mantle melts

MELTS barometry

- MELTS geobarometry part 1 - quartz - 2-feldspar saturated rhyolites



PetThermoTools

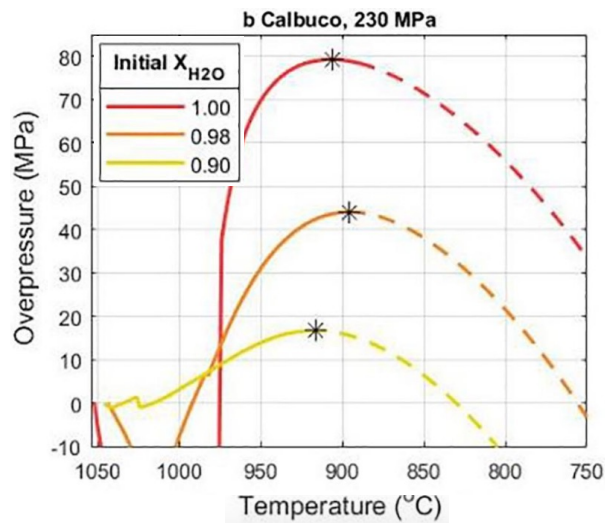
@PetThermoTools · 74 subscribers · 16 videos

This is a YouTube channel for the python package PetThermoTools, where we will upload ...more

Subscribe

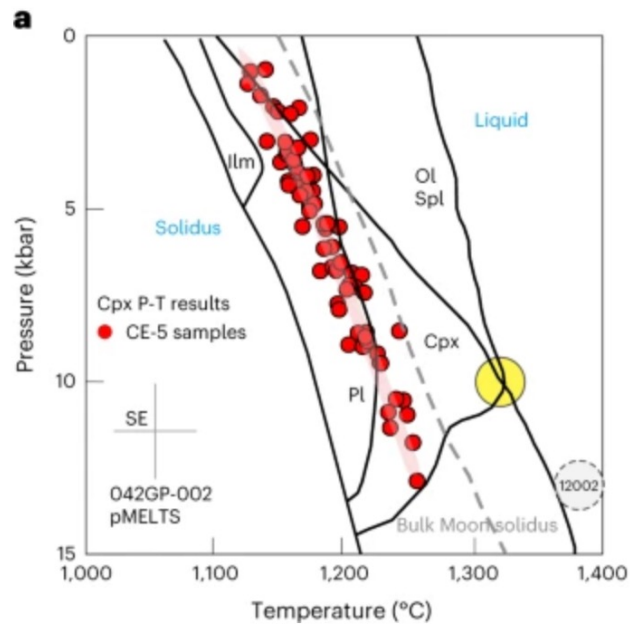
Thermodynamic models (& MELTS) underpin many scientific efforts

Eruption triggering mechanisms



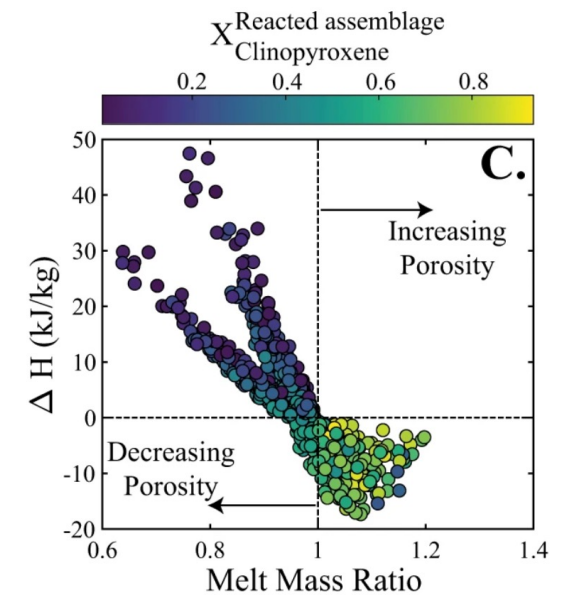
Brookfield et al. (2023)

Barometry of Lunar basalts



Luo et al. (2023)

Melt-mush reaction & mush porosity



Gleeson et al. (2023) & Boulanger & France (2023)